## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF HCG EKO ONCOLOGY LLP

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **HCG EKO ONCOLOGY LLP** ("entity"), which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 March 2024, and the statement of profit and loss account, and statement of cash flows) for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the entity as of 31 March 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by ICAI. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, results of operations and cash flows of the entity in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

> For S G M & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (LLP Registration No. 200058S)

> > S Vishwamurthy Partner (Membership No.215675)

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024.

## HCG EKO Oncology LLP Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

Amount in ₹ Million, unless otherwise specifically mentioned)
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Particulars	Note	As	at
	No.	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Equity and Liabilities			
Partner's funds			
Partners capital account			
Partners' contribution	3	1.00	1.00
Partners' current account	3	786.95	786.95
Reserve and surplus	4	(1,001.57)	(811.78
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	239.39	209.97
Long-term provision	6	1.47	1.75
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	7	47.02	39.19
Trade payables	8		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		1.68	10.04
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		387.73	252.07
Other current liabilities	9	167.57	122.14
Short-term provision	10	1.43	0.69
Total		632.67	612.02
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	409.56	448.52
Capital work-in-progress		0.34	-
Intangible assets	11	1.64	2.96
Long-term loans and advances	12	6.74	-
Other non-current assets	13	1.17	6.83
Current assets			
Inventories	14	27.07	14.40
Trade receivables	15	124.19	81.16
Cash and cash equivalents	16	29.15	41.88
Short-term loans and advance	10	12.05	4.30
Other current assets	18	20.76	11.97
Total		632.67	612.02

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For S G M & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Sd/-S Vishwamurthy Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

## For HCG EKO ONCOLOGY LLP

Sd/-	Sd/-
Dr. B S Ajaikumar	Dr. Ramesh B.S.
Designated Partner	Designated Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024 Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

Particulars	Note	For the y	ear ended
	No.	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Revenue from operations	19	558.46	402.99
Other income	20	0.38	0.50
Total income (A)		558.84	403.49
Expenses			
Purchase of stock-in-trade		220.68	144.50
Changes in inventory of stock-in-trade		(12.67)	(5.50)
Employee benefit expense	21	77.82	67.28
Finance costs	22	65.50	70.87
Depreciation and amortisation expense	11	55.26	54.49
Other expenses	23	342.04	287.68
Total expenses (B)		748.63	619.32
Profit/(Loss) before tax (C) = (A-B)		(189.79)	(215.83)
Tax expense			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Total tax expense / (income) (D)		-	-
Profit/(Loss) (E) = (C-D)		(189.79)	(215.83)

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For S G M & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Sd/-S Vishwamurthy Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

Dr. Ramesh B.S. For HCG EKO ONCOLOGY LLP DIN: 00518434

Sd/-Dr. B S Ajaikumar Designated Partner Sd/-**Dr. Ramesh B.S.** Designated Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024 Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

## HCG EKO Oncology LLP Cashflow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

Particulars	For the year	
	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-202
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net loss before tax	(189.79)	(215.83
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	55.26	54.49
Interest income on bank deposit	(0.13)	(0.12
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	13.87	6.66
Interest expense	65.51	70.86
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	0.01	0.01
Operating profit before working capital changes	(55.27)	(83.93
Adjustment for (increase)/ decrease in operating assets:		
Inventories	(12.67)	(5.50
Trade receivables	(56.90)	(52.26
Long-term loans and advances	4.88	(0.05
Short-term loans and advances	(7.75)	0.03
Other current assets	(0.43)	(0.95
Adjustment for increase/ (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade payables	127.30	106.13
Other current liabilities	7.39	14.39
Long-term and short-term provisions	0.46	0.41
Cash generated from operations	7.01	(21.73
Taxes paid during the year (net)	(8.36)	0.03
Net cash generated from operating activities (A)	(1.35)	(21.70
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditure on fixed assets (including capital advance)	(23.80)	(14.82
Interest income	0.13	0.12
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(23.67)	(14.70
Cash flows from financing activities		
Investment / (drawings) by partners	-	127.76
Long-term borrowings availed	-	-
Long-term borrowings repaid	37.24	(30.97
Interest paid	(25.73)	(25.23
Movement in balance with bank in earmarked accounts	0.78	0.32
Net cash flows from financing activities (C)	12.29	71.88
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(12.73)	35.48
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	41.88	6.40
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	29.15	41.88

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached For S G M & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Sd/-S Vishwamurthy Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

## For HCG EKO ONCOLOGY LLP

Sd/-**Dr. B S Ajaikumar** Designated Partner Sd/-Dr. Ramesh B.S. Designated Partner

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

Bengaluru, 30 August 2024

## HCG EKO Oncology LLP

Notes forming part of financial statements

Note No.

#### 1 Nature of operations:

HCG EKO Oncology LLP ('HCG EKO' or 'LLP') is a Limited Liability Partnership registered under Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. The LLP was incorporated on 15 May 2015 and has its registered office at # 8, P. Kalinga Rao Road, Sampangi Ram Nagar, Bengaluru – 560 027. HCG EKO is engaged in managing hospitals and medical diagnostic services including scientific testing and consultancy services in the pharmaceutical and medical sector.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The Financial Statements of the LLP have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) and relevant provisions of Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. Indian GAAP comprise the Accounting Standards and the Technical Guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern basis

The Firm has incurred losses in the current year and in the previous year and partner's fund (networth) is negative as at 31 March 2023. Considering the support letter received from the Holding Company (HealthCare Global Enterprise Limited), the Management has prepared the Financial Statements on a going concern basis.

#### 2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the period. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize.

#### 2.3 Revenue recognition

Income is recognised on accrual basis. Fees are recognised on the basis of net revenue sharing with business facilitators. Rental income is recognised on accrual basis and as per the term & conditions of the rental agreement. Interest income on deposits with banks is accounted on accrual basis.

#### 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Costs directly attributable to the acquisition are capitalized until the asset is ready for use, as intended by the management. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, plant and equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

#### 2.5 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on tangible Property, plant and equipment has been provided on the written-down value method at the rates arrived on the basis of useful life of the assets assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, maintenance support, etc., except in case of Property, plant and equipment costing up to Rs. 5,000/- where it is being depreciated 100% in the year of acquisition itself.

#### 2.6 Inventories

Inventories consist of consumables that are carried at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first-in-first -out basis.

#### 2.7 Foreign currency transactions

Initial recognition: Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the LLP are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Measurement of foreign currency monetary items at the Balance Sheet date: Foreign currency monetary items (other than derivative contracts), outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items of the LLP are carried at historical cost.

Treatment of exchange differences: Exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of short-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the LLP are recognized as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Exchange difference on long-term foreign currency monetary items: The exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of long-term foreign currency monetary items relating to acquisition of depreciable Property, plant and equipment are capitalised as part of the Property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the remaining useful life of such assets. If such monetary items do not relate to acquisition of depreciable Property, plant and equipment , the exchange difference is amortised over the maturity period / up to the date of settlement of such monetary items, whichever is earlier, and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

HCG EKO Oncology LLP

Notes forming part of financial statements

Note No.

#### 2.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Costs in connection with the borrowing of funds to the extent not directly related to the acquisition of qualifying assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss over the tenure of the loan. Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

#### 2.9 Employee benefits

- (i) Short Term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the profit and loss account of the period in which the related service is rendered. Privilege leaves are short term employee benefits and are charged to the statement of income and expenditure at the amount based on the management's decision.
- (ii) Post employment benefits are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account for the year in which the employee has rendered service. The expense is recognised at the present value of the amount payable towards contribution. The present value is determined using the market yields of government bonds, at the balance sheet date, as the discounting rate.
- (iii) Actuarial gains and losses in respect of post employment and other long term benefits are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 2.10 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Alternate Minimum Tax (AMT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the LLP will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, AMT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the LLP.

Deferred tax is recognized on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for timing differences of items other than unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realized. However, if there are unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses and items relating to capital losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realize the assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the LLP has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for their reliability.

#### 2.11 Impairment of assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each Balance Sheet date are reviewed for impairment. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets is estimated and impairment is recognized, if the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. When there is indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased such reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.12 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized when the LLP has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### 2.13 Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the LLP and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

Particulars				A	s at		
	3	1-Mar-202	024			31-Mar-2023	3
	HCG	EKO	Niruja*	Total	HCG	EKO	Total
Fixed capital							
Opening balance	0.51	0.49		1.00	0.51	0.49	1.
Changes during the year	0.48	(0.49)	0.01	-			
Closing balance	0.99	-	0.01	1.00	0.51	0.49	1
Variable capital							
Opening balance	645.63	141.32	-	786.95	520.74	138.45	659
Add: Additional contribution during the year	141.32	-	-	141.32	124.89	2.87	127
Less: Settlement between partners	-	(141.32)		(141.32)	-	-	
Closing balance	786.95	-	-	786.95	645.63	141.32	786
Reserve and surplus							
Particulars						31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2
Undistributed surplus / (deficit)							
Opening balance						(811.78)	(595
Loss for the year						(189.79)	(215
Closing balance						(1,001.57)	(811
Long-term borrowings							
Particulars						31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2
Secured						1 (2 22	-
Long-term loan from bank						163.33	209
Unsecured						76.06	
Unsecured loan from related parties						76.06	200
Total						239.39	209
Terms of repayment and security						31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2
Secured long-term from banks							
Non-current portion						163.33	209
Amounts included under current maturities of long-term	debt					47.02	39
Security: Exclusive charge on (i) all assets (equipment) purchased / funded through the above loan; (ii) all movable							
fixed assets and current assets (both present and future)	of the LLP, includ	ling any re	fundable le	ease/rental o	leposit		
placed with lessor, excluding any assets which are charg	ed exclusively to a	any lessor/	vendor. Ui	nconditional	and		
irrevocable corporate guarantee and debt shortfall undert							
Repayment terms and interest: Repayment in quarterly s	tructured instalme	ents with a	moratoriu	m of 3 year	Rate of		
interest is as per bank's REPO rate.	indetured instantie	ins with a	moratoria	in or 5 years	5. Ruie of		
Long-term provision							
Particulars						31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2
Provision for employee benefits							
Gratuity						1.47	1
						1	
Compensated absence						-	0.

#### 7 Short-term borrowings

8

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Current maturities of long term debt	47.02	39.19
Total	47.02	39.19

# Trade payables Particulars

	Thut pujuotes		
	Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
(i)	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.68	10.04
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	387.73	252.07
	Total	389.41	262.11
(i)	Note: There are no dues to Micro and Small Enterprises. The information disclosed with regard to Micro and Small Enterprises is h	ased on informat	ion collected by

Note: There are no dues to Micro and Small Enterprises. The information disclosed with regard to Micro and Small Enterprises is based on information collected by (i) the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

## HCG EKO Oncology LLP Notes forming part of financial statements

## Note

No.

## (b) Ageing of trade payables

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	Less	One to	Two to	More than	Total
	one	two	three years	three	
	year	years		years	
31-Mar-2024					
MSME	1.68	-	-	-	1.68
Others	282.61	72.47	21.45	11.20	387.73
31-Mar-2023					
MSME	10.04	-	-	-	10.04
Others	172.63	47.52	23.78	8.14	252.07

Note: Disputed trade payable balance as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 is ₹ Nil.

## 9 Other current liabilities

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Interest payable to holding company	132.35	92.57
Accrued salary benefits	13.59	14.74
Payable on purchase of fixed assets	-	1.74
Statutory remittances	2.03	4.50
Advance received from patients	19.60	8.59
Total	167.57	122.14

## 10 Short-term provision

	Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Provision for employee benefits:		
28	Gratuity	0.35	0.28
	Compensated absence	1.08	0.41
	Total	1.43	0.69

No.

0.78

6.05

6.83

110.			
12	Long-term loans and advances		
	Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Capital advance	6.74	-
	Total	6.74	-

#### 13 Other non-current assets Particulars 31-Mar-2024 31-Mar-2023 Term deposit with banks and financial institutions -Security deposit 1.17 Total 1.17

## 14 Inventories

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Inventories (lower of cost and net realisable value)		
Medicines	22.94	13.58
_ Other consumables	4.13	0.82
Total	27.07	14.40

# 15 Trade receivables

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	4 31-Mar-2023
Other trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	124.19	81.16
Doubtful	41.80	23.20
	165.99	104.36
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(41.80	) (23.20)
	124.19	81.16
Total	124.19	81.16

## (a) <u>The ageing of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:</u>

Dutstanding for following period from due date of payment		As at		
	31-Mar-20	24 31-Mar-2	2023	
Unbilled	18.	37 1.	4.70	
Less than six months	89.	77 4	9.28	
Six months to one year	31.0	01 1	8.77	
One to two years	12.	10 1	5.75	
Two to three years	8.9	96	5.46	
More than three years	5.'	78	0.40	
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	(41.3	80) (23	3.20)	
otal	124.	19 8	1.16	

## 16 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Cash-on-hand	0.23	0.30
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	28.92	41.58
Total	29.15	41.88

## 17 Short-term loans and advance

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Prepaid expenses	0.33	0.59
Advance to vendor	6.79	2.15
Receivable from revenue authorities	2.34	0.93
Loans and advances to employees	2.59	0.63
Total	12.05	4.30

#### 18 Other current assets

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Security deposits	0.59	1.06
Income tax and tax deducted-at-source	17.92	9.56
Interest accrued on fixed deposit	-	0.02
Term deposit with banks and financial institutions	2.25	1.33
Total	20.76	11.97

## Note

No.

(Amount in $\mathbf{x}$ Million, unless otherwise specifically mentioned)

19	Revenue from operations		
	Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Pharmacy sales	11.59	10.27
	Medical service income	546.87	392.72
	Total	558.46	402.99

#### 20 Other income Particulars 31-Mar-2024 31-Mar-2023 Interest income from : 0.13 0.12 deposits with bank 0.23 income tax refund -Others 0.25 0.15 Total 0.38 0.50

#### 21 Employee benefit expense

	Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
	Salaries and wages	70.21	61.55
	Contributions to provident and other funds	3.59	3.81
(a)	Expense on employee stock option scheme	1.56	(0.16)
	Staff welfare expenses	2.46	2.08
	Total	77.82	67.28
(a)	During the surrout ways cartain amployees of the LLP have been granted amployee stock option under the 'Employee Stock Option'	Cohomo! [ESOD]	of the HCC and

(a) During the current year certain employees of the LLP have been granted employee stock option under the 'Employee Stock Option Scheme' [ESOP] of the HCG, one of the partner in the LLP. Expense on ESOP relates to stock options granted to employees of the LLP cross charged by HCG.

## 22 Finance costs

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Interest on		
Term loan	23.15	23.52
Interest on loan from partners	40.19	45.65
Bank charges and other borrowing cost	2.15	1.69
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	0.01	0.01
Total	65.50	70.87

## 23 Other expenses

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Medical consultancy charges	137.58	64.34
Legal and professional fees	18.61	70.72
Lab charges	34.27	31.06
Power, fuel and water	15.79	14.95
Rent including lease rentals	30.58	26.35
Repairs and maintenance:		
Buildings	0.24	-
Machinery	25.08	26.11
Others	13.50	6.25
Insurance	0.66	0.89
Rates and taxes	0.34	0.45
Communication	1.20	1.22
Travelling and conveyance	10.97	5.67
Printing and stationery	2.58	2.27
House keeping and security	11.08	10.31
Business promotion expenses	23.36	16.57
Laundry expenses	1.45	2.16
Payment to auditors for		
Statutory audit	0.50	0.48
Provision for doubtful trade and other receivables, loans and advances (net)	13.87	6.66
Miscellaneous expenses	0.38	1.22
Total	342.04	287.68

HCG EKO Oncology LLP Notes forming part of financial statements

## Note

No.

11 Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Particulars		Gross Carrying Value			<b>Depreciation/Amortisation</b>			Net Carry	ving Value	
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance	Balance	Balance Depreciation Adjus Balance		Balance	Balance	
	as at			as at	as at	expense for	tments	as at	as at	as at
						the year				
	1-Apr-2023			31-Mar-2024	1-Apr-2023			31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Leasehold improvements	246.79	-		246.79	82.62	24.48	3.30	103.80	142.99	164.17
	246.79	-	-	246.79	58.13	24.48	-0.01	82.62	164.17	188.66
Plant & machineries	356.34	10.36	-	366.70	90.62	25.43	-	116.05	250.65	265.72
	342.59	13.75	-	356.34	65.93	24.69	-	90.62	265.72	276.66
Furniture & fixtures	22.40	0.39	-	22.79	7.50	2.29	-	9.79	13.00	14.90
	22.36	0.04	-	22.40	5.29	2.21	-	7.50	14.90	17.07
Office equipment	2.97	0.33	-	3.30	2.07	0.54	-	2.61	0.69	0.90
	2.95	0.02	-	2.97	1.55	0.52	-	2.07	0.90	1.40
Computer	7.07	0.60	-	7.67	4.24	1.20	-	5.44	2.23	2.83
	6.06	1.01	-	7.07	2.97	1.27	-	4.24	2.83	3.09
Software	7.92	-	-	7.92	4.96	1.32	-	6.28	1.64	2.96
	7.92	-	-	7.92	3.64	1.32	-	4.96	2.96	4.28
Total	643.49	11.68	-	655.17	192.01	55.26	3.30	243.97	411.20	451.48
Previous Year	628.67	14.82	-	643.49	137.51	54.49	-0.01	192.01	451.48	491.16

#### Note No.

24 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for) - ₹ Nil

## 25 Related party disclosure

,	Related party disclosure		
	Name of the related party and nature of relationship		
	Name of the related party	Nature	
	HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	Majority partner	
	Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	Partner [From 29 February 2024]	
	EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	Partner [Upto 29 February 2024]	
	Strand Lifesciences Private Limited	Joint venture of HCG	
	HCG Medi-Surge Hospitals Private Limited	Subsidiary of HCG	
	APEX HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP	Subsidiary of HCG	

## Transaction during the year period with related parties

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Capital infusion / (withdrawn) / settlement between Partners		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	141.32	124.89
Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	0.01	-
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	(141.32)	2.87
Unsecured loan from		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	76.06	-
Purchase of pharmacy products and consumables		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	-	3.63
Diagnostic charges		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	26.03	14.91
Lease rent		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	3.67	-
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	26.05	24.04
Professional services charges		
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	31.14	29.85
Other services		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	40.83	73.03
APEX HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP	-	1.60
Interest expense		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	40.19	45.65
Reimbursement / cross charge by		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	22.85	9.83

## **Balances with related parties**

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Fixed capital		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	0.99	0.51
Niruja Product Development and Healthcare Research Private Limited	0.01	-
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	-	0.49
Variable capital		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	786.95	645.63
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	-	141.32
Unsecured loan from		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	76.06	-
Trade payable		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	52.38	46.66
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	3.34	3.78
Trade receivables		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	0.31	0.03
APEX HCG Oncology Hospitals LLP	1.11	1.44
Interest accrued		
HealthCare Global Enterprises Limited	132.35	92.57
Lease rental deposit / security deposit		
EKO Diagnostic Private Limited	-	8.85

## 26 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

Currency	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Deferred payment obligations (INR)	76.06	17.46
Deferred payment obligations (USD)	-	0.23

## Note

No.

27 The LLP's operations comprises of only one segment viz., is engaged in managing hospitals and medical diagnostic services including scientific testing and consultancy services in the pharmaceutical and medical sector. The LLP's operations are in India and therefore there are no secondary geographical segments.

#### 28 Employee benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

The Company makes Provident Fund contributions (PF) and Employee State Insurance Scheme (ESI), which are a defined contribution plan, for qualifying employees. Under the Scheme, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes. Contribution to defined plan recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars		31-Mar-2023
Provident Fund contributions	3.12	2.89
Employee State Insurance Scheme	0.33	0.27

## Defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined Gratuity benefit plan. The following table summarizes the components of net employee benefit expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and amounts recognised in the Balance Sheet for the plan.

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Components of employer expense		
Current service cost	0.46	0.30
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	0.13	0.08
Expected return on plan assets	-	-
Actuarial losses / (gain)	(0.65)	0.02
Total expense recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	-0.06	0.40
Actual contributions and benefits payments		
Actual benefit payments	-	-
Actual contributions	-	-
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	1.82	1.46
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	1.82	1.46
Unrecognised actuarial (gains) / losses	-	-
Net asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	1.82	1.46
Current	0.35	0.28
Non-current	1.47	1.18
Change in defined benefit obligations (DBO) during the year		
Present value of DBO at beginning of the year	1.46	1.03
Current service cost	0.46	0.30
Interest cost	0.13	0.08
Acquisitions	-	-
Actuarial (gains) / losses	(0.65)	0.02
Past service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	0.42	0.03
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	1.82	1.46
Experience adjustment		
Defined benefit obligation	1.82	1.46
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	1.82	1.46
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	(0.65)	0.02
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	-	-
Principal assumptions for Gratuity and Compensated absence		
Discount rate	7.00%	7.30%
Salary escalation	5.00%	5.00%
Attrition rate	30.00%	30.00%
Retirement age [in years]	60	60
Mortality table	IAL20	2-14Ult

29 Leases

Leases: The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for its hospital and other premises.

Particulars	31-Mar-2024	31-Mar-2023
Amounts recognized in statement of profit and loss in respect of above leases	30.58	26.35
The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the aggregate and for each of the		
following periods:		
Not later than one year	24.04	24.04
Later than one year and not later than five years	24.04	106.99
Later than five years	31.80	31.80

30 Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.